Physico-Chemical Property, Sensory Quality & Acceptability of Vacuum-Fried EVIARC Sweet Jackfruit (*Artocarpus heterophyllus* Lam.) Pulp as Influenced by Fruit Maturity and Other Fruit conditions

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Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research











What is Jackfruit?



- Scientifically known as Artocarpus heterophyllus Lam.
- Locally known as
 - "Lanka" or "Nangka"
- The fruit contains fair amount of important nutrient and vitamins.

Table 1. Nutritional composition of jackffruit.

Sr. No.	Composition	Young Fruit Ripe Fruit		Seed			
Source: Arkroyd and others (1966), Narasimham (1990), Gunasena & Others (1996), Azaad (2000)							
A. Proximat	e analysis						
1	Water (g)	76.2 to 85.2	72.0 to 94.0	51.0 to 64.5			
2	Protein (g)	2.0 to 2.6	1.2 to 1.9	6.6 to 7.04			
3	Fat (g)	0.1 to 0.6	0.1 to 0.4	0.40 to 0.43			
4	Carbohydrate (g)	9.4 to 11.5	16.0 to 25.4	25.8 to 38.4			
5	Fibre (g)	2.6 to 3.6	1.0 to 1.5	1.0 to 1.5			
6	Total sugars (g)	-	20.6	-			

Table 1. (continuation)

Sr. No.	Composition	Young Fruit	Ripe Fruit	Seed
B. Mineral	s and vitamins			
1	Total minerals (g)	0.9	0.87 to 0.9	0.9 to 1.2
2	Calcium (mg)	30.0 to 73.2	20.0	
3	Magnesium (mg)		27.00	54.0
4	Phosphorus (mg)	20.0 to 57.2	38.0 to 41.0	38.0 to 97.0
5	Potassium (mg)	287 to 323	191 to 407	246
6	Sodium (mg)	3.0 to 35.0	2.0 to 41.0	63.2
7	Iron (mg)	0.4 to 1.9	0.5 to 1.1	1.5

Table 1. (continuation)

Sr. No.	Composition	Young Fruit	Ripe Fruit	Seed
B. Minerals and vitamins				
8	Vitamin A (IU)	30	175 to 540	10 to 17
9	Thiamine (mg)	0.05 to 0.15	0.03 to 0.09	0.25
10	Riboflavin (mg)	0.05 to 0.2	0.05 to 0.4	0.11 to 0.3
11	Vitamin C (mg)	12.0 to 14.0	7.0 to 10.0	11.0



- Widely grown fruit crops in the Philippines
- One of the important crop of Eastern Visayas
- The fruit has great processing potentials











Vacuum Fried Jackfruit

What is Vacuum Fried Jackfruit

- Processed from ripe jackfruit pulp
- Crunchy and aromatic
- Nutritious
- All natural product
- Highly acceptable among consumers
- Potential export commodity

Problems identified in vacuum fried jackfruit products

- Occasional browning of fried pulp
- Non uniformity of sweetness
- Less aromatic in some fried pulp
- Softening of vacuum fried pulp

Objectives of the Study

- To determine the right maturity of the pulp ideal for vacuum frying
- Investigate other condition that influence the quality of vacuum fried jackfruit pulp

Methodology a) Effect of Maturity





b) Effect of Fruit Location on Tree





d) Effect of Pulp Size

small







e) Effect of Thickness



Methodology.....

*Vacuum fried pulp preparation *Product quality evaluation -sensory evaluation -consumer evaluation

A bighlights of Results a) Effect of maturity

Table 2. Physico-chemical properties of freshjackfruit pulp as influenced by fruit maturity.

Maturity Days	Moisture Content ^{**}	Pectin*	pH*	TTA** (% AA)	TSS** (°B)
85	5.89 d	3.63 a	4.4 c	0.0596 d	16.93 d
88	6.63 c	2.67 b	4.9 b	0.1357 c	33.88 a
91	8.60 b	2.66 b	5.0 b	0.1603 b	30.33 b
94	12.82 a	2.62 c	5.3 a	0.2334 a	27.35 c

* - significant

** - highly significant

Table 3. Quality description of vacuum-fried pulp from EVIARC sweet jackfruit variety as influenced by fruit maturity.

Treatment	Days	Color	Aroma	Taste	Texture	Oiliness
1	85	Light yellow to dark yellow	Slightly perceptible jackfruit aroma	Slightly sweet	Very crispy	Not oily
2	88	Light yellow to dark yellow	Very perceptible jackfruit aroma	Moderately sweet	Very crispy	Not oily to slightly oily
3	91	Golden yellow to brownish yellow	Very perceptible jackfruit aroma	Moderately sweet	Very crispy	Not oily to slightly oily
4	94	Golden yellow to brownish yellow	Very perceptible jackfruit aroma	Moderately sweet	Very crispy	Not oily to slightly oily

Table 4. Mean¹ acceptability ratings² of the sensory attributes of vacuum-fried jackfruit pulp from EVIARC sweet jackfruit variety as influenced by fruit maturity.

Treatment	Days	Color**	Aroma**	Taste ^{**}	Texture ^{ns}	Oiliness**	Gen. Acc.
1	85	8.05	7.00	6.39	7.80	7.44	7.27
2	88	7.77	8.05	8.14	7.85	7.06	8.11
3	91	5.94	7.52	7.83	7.47	6.66	7.21
4	94	4.91	6.71	6.82	7.38	6.14	6.16
¹ N = 24	* - sign	ificant	** - highly	/ significan	t ns – nc	ot significant	

² Range of scores

- 9 like extremely
- 8 like very much
- 7 like moderately
- 6 like slightly
- 5 neither like nor dislike

- 4 dislike slightly
- 3 dislike moderately
- 2 dislike very much
- 1 dislike very much

Table 5. Consumers^{*} acceptability towards vacuum-fried pulp from 88 days fruit compared with the existing product.

	Consumers Response						
Sample	Like	Dislike	No Comment	Total			
Sample A	99	-	1	100			
¹ Sample B	92	2	6	100			

Students, faculty and staff of VSU, guest of the university

b) Effect of Fruit Location on Tree

Table 6. Physico-chemical properties of pulp as influencedby fruit location on tree.

Fruit Location	pH**	TSS** (°B)	TTA** (%)	Thickness ^{ns} (mm)
Тор	3.96 b	31.0 a	0.57 a	3.12
Middle	4.11 b	26.4 b	0.44 b	3.02
Lower	4.80 a	27.0 b	0.26 c	3.40

Table 7. Mean¹ acceptability ratings² of vacuum fried jackfruit as influenced by the location of fruit on tree.

Fruit	Sensory Attributes ^{ns}						
Location	Color	Aroma	Taste	Texture	Oiliness	Gen. Acc.	
Тор	7.20	7.13	7.90 a	7.10	7.50	7.8	
Middle	7.18	7.10	7.67 b	7.13	7.54	7.7	
Lower	7.10	7.11	7.60 b	7.09	7.50	7.7	

 $^{1}N = 24$

- ² Range of scores:
 - 9 like extremely
 - 8 like very much
 - 7 like moderately
 - 6 like slightly
 - 5 neither like nor dislike

- 4 dislike slightly
- 3 dislike moderately
- 2 dislike very much
- 1 dislike extremely

Table 8. Consumers¹ acceptability toward vacuum-fried pulp from fruit located at the top, middle and lower portion of tree.

Samala	Consumers Response					
Sample	Like	Dislike	No Comment			
А (Тор)	97	-	3			
B (Middle)	96	-	4			
C (Lower)	93	-	7			
D (Control)	90	-	10			

 1 N = 100 consumers from students, faculty, staff and employees of VSU.

c) Effect of Pulp Location on Tree

Table 9. pH, TSS, TTA and thickness of pulp as influenced by
their locations in fruit.

Pulp Location	pH*	TSS* (°B)	TTA (%)	Thickness* (mm)
Upper	4.22 b	24.41 b	0.68	3.02 b
Middle	4.47 a	24.03 b	0.56	4.00 a
Lower	4.45 a	26.95 a	0.65	3.56 b

Table 10. Mean¹ acceptability ratings² of vacuum fried pulp as influenced by the location of pulp in the fruit.

Pulp	Sensory Attributes					
Location	Color ^{ns}	Aroma ^{ns}	Taste	Texture ^{ns}	Oiliness ^{ns}	Gen. Acc. ^{ns}
Upper (top)	7.30	7.50	7.81 a	7.15	7.57	7.60
Middle (center)	7.28	7.19	7.35 b	7.14	7.60	7.61
Lower (lower)	7.25	7.17	7.00 c	7.10	7.55	7.61

 $^{1}N = 24$

² Range of scores:

- 9 like extremely
- 8 like very much
- 7 like moderately
- 6 like slightly
- 5 neither like nor dislike

- 4 dislike slightly
- 3 dislike moderately
- 2 dislike very much
- 1 dislike extremely

Table 11. Consumers¹ acceptability towards vacuum friedpulp taken from different locations in the fruit.

Sample/Pulp Location	Consumer Response			
	Like	Dislike	No Comment	
A (upper/top)	97	-	3	
B (middle)	98	-	2	
C (bottom/lower)	98	-	2	
D (control)	96	-	4	

 $^{1}N = 100$ consumer composed of students, staff and faculty of VSU.

Table 12. Quality description of vacuum-fried jackfruit asinfluenced by the thickness of pulp used.

Pulp	Sensory Attributes					
Thickness	Color	Aroma	Taste	Texture	Oiliness	
Thin	Brownish yellow	Perceptible jackfruit aroma	Sweet	Very crispy	Slightly oily	
Thick	Golden yellow to brownish yellow	Perceptible jackfruit aroma	Moderately sweet	Crispy to very crispy	Moderately oily	
Thicker	Brownish yellow	Perceptible jackfruit Aroma	Sweet	Crispy	Slightly oily	

Table 13. Mean¹ acceptability ratings² of the sensory attributes of vacuum-fried jackfruit as influenced by pulp thickness.

Thicknose	Sensory Attributes ^{ns}						
THICKNESS	Color	Aroma	Taste	Texture	Oiliness		
Thin	7.40	7.38	7.50	7.47	7.78		
Thick	7.38	7.58	7.68	7.38	7.75		
Thicker	7.63	7.63	7.63	7.45	7.35		

$^{1}N = 32$

²Range of scores:

- 9 like extremely
- 8 like very much
- 7 like moderately
- 6 like slightly
- 5 neither like nor dislike

- 4 dislike slightly
- 3 dislike moderately
- 2 dislike very much
- 1 dislike extremely

Table 14. Consumers¹ acceptability towards vacuum-fried jackfruit as influenced by pulp thickness.

Samples	Consumer Response (%)				
	Like	Dislike	No Comment		
Thin (A)	90	-	10		
Thick (B)	93	-	7		
Thicker (C)	96	-	4		
Control (D)	92	-	8		

¹N = 100 respondents composed of students, faculty, staff and guests of VSU

d) Effect of Pulp Size

Table 15. Quality description of the sensory attributes ofvacuum-fried pulp as influenced by fruit pulp size.

Dula Siza	Sensory Attributes					
Pulp Size	Color	lor Aroma Taste		Texture	Oiliness	
Small	Brownish yellow to brownish	Perceptible jackfruit aroma	Sweet	Crispy	Slightly oily	
Medium	Brownish yellow	Perceptible jackfruit aroma	Sweet	Very crispy	Slightly oily	
Large	Golden yellow	Perceptible jackfruit aroma	Bland	Crispy	Slightly oily	

Table 16. Mean¹ acceptability ratings² of the sensory attributes of vacuum-fried jackfruit as influenced by pulp size.

Pulp	Sensory Attributes ^{ns}					
Size	Color	Aroma	Taste	Texture	Oiliness	Gen. Acc.
Small	7.40	7.73	7.67 a	7.77	7.57	7.57
Medium	7.28	7.68	7.50 a	7.87	7.67	7.55
Large	7.78	7.58	6.60 b	7.80	7.65	7.17

 $^{1}N = 32$ ns = not significant 2 Range of scores:

- 9 like extremely
- 8 like very much
- 7 like moderately
- 6 like slightly
- 5 neither like nor dislike

* - highly significant at p<0.005

- 4 dislike slightly
- 3 dislike moderately
- 2 dislike very much
- 1 dislike extremely

Table 17. Consumers¹ acceptability towards vacuum-fried jackfruit pulp as influenced by pulp size.

Sample	Consumers Response				
	Like	Dislike	No Comment		
Small	98	-	2		
Medium	95	-	5		
Large	92	-	8		
Control	89	-	11		

¹N = 100 respondents composed of students, faculty, staff and guests of VSU

Conclusion

- Maturity is more critical in relation to sensory attributes of the vacuum-fried jackfruit
- Other fruit condition has significant influence on pH, TSS and TA but the product is still acceptable among sensory panelists and consumers as well.
- 88 days after fruit bagging is the best maturity period suitable for the production of vacuum fried jackfruit pulp.

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